

# REPUBLICAN HYPOCRISY REBUKED BY CLEVELAND

## Democratic Ex-President Addresses a Multitude in New York.

### Calm and Dispassionate Review of the Attitude of the Vain- glorious and Bombastic Roosevelt—Audience Wildly Enthusiastic.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—Attracted by the presence of Grover Cleveland, thousands of people struggled to get an entrance to Carnegie hall to-night where the former president of the United States made his first and only speech of the campaign.

John G. Carlisle, secretary of the treasury under Mr. Cleveland, was also a speaker, and shared with Mr. Cleveland the great burst of enthusiasm at the meeting. Long before the doors of the hall were opened, crowds surged around the outside of the building and within ten minutes after the doors had been thrown wide to the public every seat in the big auditorium was taken, while corridors and aisles held their scores. Several hundred were unable to gain entrance.

This big Democratic rally was under the auspices of the Business Men's Parker and Davis association. Mr. Cleveland arrived at the hall at 7:30 p. m. and was met by a throng of people upon his entrance cheers burst forth, the demonstration lasting seven minutes. It died out and began again with renewed vigor.

With Mr. Cleveland when he entered the hall were Mr. Robb and Oscar S. Strauss. When Mr. Cleveland saw that Chairman J. Hampden Robb's efforts were fruitless in quieting the demonstration, he arose and held up his hands for silence, but the people could not be quieted for two full minutes afterward.

The former president was made chairman of the meeting, and accepting the chair, he said:

Mr. Cleveland's Address.  
"There are at least two reasons why I am gratified by the opportunity to participate in this occasion. It permits me to breathe the pleasant atmosphere of resolve and harmonious Democracy, and, in addition, it allows me to meet face to face in an intimate and direct manner those who largely represent the business interests of the city of New York and who, beside, are patriotic enough to recognize the value of the support of the business men of New York, and if I did not remember in these surroundings the sustaining power of their approval and confidence, would the possibility of high official duty. You will not, I know, accuse me of self-conceit if I assume that I am with those tonight who demand of me no explanation or apology for the manner in which I have served either my party or the business interests of my country, and who will neither discredit nor distrust me when I know my intense anxiety for the success due to the present Democratic campaign of the principles and nonities of the reunited Democracy.

Intense Party Feeling.  
"My attachment to the party which my early allegiance had been intensified by passing years, because I have found in the principles from which the genuine Democracy derives its strength and vigor, safe guidance and constant inspiration when as a public servant I have to my fellow countrymen patriotic effort and unswerving devotion to the people's interests. I have found in the best traits of the Democracy reach their highest importance and value at such a time as this, when our people are tempted by glowing delusions and when they are offered the kindness of the world if they will but throw themselves down and worship the god of Mammon. I believe we have fallen upon days when, more than ever, the enforcement of Democratic doctrine and the acceptance of Democratic conservatism and steadiness are needed, if our national greatness and the well being of our people are to be put beyond jeopardy.

Republican Presumption.  
"There are, however, in my mind tonight some aspects and incidents of this campaign which seem to me so startling and so humiliating that they would arrest the attention of every thoughtful citizen and arouse the anxious solicitude of every patriotic American. In a country like ours, where parties contest for the direction of the government, we must of course expect party advocacy and honorable personal ambitions for political honors; but who, among those indulging in the farthest prospect of political campaigns, can recall one in which the advantages of the present party control have been so distinctly claimed that all the virtues, all the patriotism and all the governing ability of our citizenship are found among the members of one political party, and when before have those of our citizens not among the chosen been so boldly considered as aliens in their own land, who should be cast into outer political darkness as unworthy to be entrusted with the power and responsibility of a government established by the people and for the people? When, in all our history, has a party so presumptuously as now claimed to be the donors of the gifts of God or when has one so persistently plumed itself upon the creation of all the prosperity that has fallen to our country's lot?

Insult to Manliness.  
"Such arrogance is not new to the party which now seeks at the hands of the people a renewal of our government's control. But it has so grown by what it has fed upon as now shameless to assume that the time has arrived when party headlessness or guileless will permit boasting and reckless assertion to pass for truth and reason. If the assumption is justified, there can be no doubt that the sober and responsible political thought and watchfulness upon which the true intent and purpose of our government depends are in grave peril. If, on the other hand, this assumption is viciously unwarranted, it is an insult to American manliness which should arouse prompt and effective resentment.

Never before have our people been belabored with party deliverances, which, in every line and every word, from platform declarations to the last appeal of party advocacy, are so saturated with conceited and tiresome claims of infallibility and with supercilious disdain of all political efforts except such as are attempted under the banner of Republicanism. Shall this pass current at a time when at the passing of the ways in our nation's development we are especially called to patriotic thoughtfulness and careful contemplation of party designs and a vigilant watch against dangers that beset us? My faith in our countrymen will not permit me to believe this, or to doubt that they will meet upon examining for themselves the accounts of party deliverances.

### Boastful Claims Challenged.

"They know that their country's prosperity, like the rains of heaven which freshen and beautify the ornamental lawn and at the same time should be distributed among all the people in every station of life, and they will challenge the claim of a party which boasts of a prosperity it has won and which gives to its pampered favorites added opportunities to increase their riches, while the poor of those who toil wait like Lazarus to be fed from the crumbs which fall from the rich man's table.

"The party will be given just credit which, early or late, has endeavored to safeguard the soundness of the nation's currency, but the people will reject as savoring of presumption the insistence that only those belonging to one party organization can claim to be the protectors and defenders of our financial integrity; nor will they forget that the fight was hotly on when many of the leaders of the party now making such an insistence were worse than lukewarm in the cause.

### Stinging Sarcasm.

"A party may indulge in self-congratulation when it has not effectively defended the people in their daily life from the rapacity of trusts and combinations which thrive as private enterprise is strangled and which grow fat as by their control of the stock of living they cause the homes of our land to grow lean; but the people will hardly admire the vociferous pride which claims that the successful attack upon the merger of the stock of certain competing railroads has rescued them from their oppressors. They will not fail to observe that the same combinations which directly injure them still flourish and they may also recall how the consternation among those implicated in such schemes, who once feared a general investigation, when the soothing assurance reached them that the government did not intend to run amuck. Nor will they regret a suggestion that the repentance or a change of heart for the manner by which the threats and animosity of many powerful trusts and combinations have been displaced by their approval and support of the party which seeks to convince the people of its trust-destroying propensities.

### The Robber Tariff.

"This item of the account will not be passed over without a reference to the statement that 'protection which guards and develops our industries is a cardinal policy of the Republican party.' Nor without noting the declaration of the candidate standing on this platform that the protective tariff policy ought not to be considered as 'definitely established.' The question will be asked, which are the American industries that at this time need the shelter of such a tariff as that now in force and there never to be a time when American enterprise, American ingenuity and American opportunity will free our industries from their stage of infancy and permit American ingenuity and American self-reliance to cast away the leading strings of a 'definitely established' protective policy? The people reckless groan at the suggestion that gain menacing patriotic sentiment and our love for high standards of national greatness, and they know that at best it burdens on the consumers of our land.

### Wrong Clearly Seen.

"With these tendencies and those burdens in mind they will ask the party professing its anxiety to restrain or destroy harmful combinations why a protective tariff policy should be considered definitely established which, in addition to its other sins, contributes to a situation that permits a combination or monopoly to sell abroad articles of our manufacture at lower prices than are exacted from our own citizens at home. They will see the sheer wrongfulness of this condition so clearly, and they will so firmly believe that in this way they are made to bear the burden in order that they may be discriminated against in favor of foreign consumers that they will not be satisfied with the assurance that the tariff has nothing to do with trusts. They will consign such an explanation to the limbo of negation, to take its place with the outworn deception that the foreign exporter pays our tariff taxes, and with two other sadly weak pretenses, one that the tariff could be reformed only by its friends, and the other that the party which believes that a protective tariff policy ought to be considered as definitely established loves 'country' in trade.

### What of the Philippines?

"When the platform boast is made that in the Philippines we have suppressed insurrection, established order and given to life and property a security never known there before, the insurrection suppressed was no more than the crushing out of resistance to the army of the United States, while the thousands of the subjugation of a people of millions from our shores, when an incident of a war undertaken by us in aid of those struggling for liberty and independence in another quarter, had put within our power, and the people will ask under what sanction was this subjugation undertaken upon by a nation pledged to the doctrine that all just powers of government are derived from the consent of the governed, and they will deny that imperialism and our forcible rule of foreign people have any place among the purposes of our national life.

(Continued on Page 2)



# TWO DETECTIVES AND ONE BANDIT KILLED

## One Officer and One Desperado Mortally Wounded in a Fierce Battle in St. Louis—Men Were Wanted for Holding Up a Train at Centralia, Ill., a Few Weeks Ago.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 21.—Two city detectives are dead and another is not expected to live during the night, while one train robber suspect is at the morgue and two others are in the hospital, one probably fatally wounded, and the other badly beaten up, as the result of a desperate battle today between five officers and three men whom they tried to arrest.

The fight occurred in the front room of a house on Pine street, and the men whom the detectives sought to arrest are suspected of being implicated in a train robbery at Centralia, Ill., a few weeks ago.

The house had been under police surveillance for several days, but today was the first time that any of the suspects were seen to enter the house. A few minutes before the fighting occurred Vaughn left the house and started to walk down Pine street. The detectives closed in on him and after he had gone some distance from the house he was arrested.

### The Dead.

John J. Shea, detective, Al Rose, suspect, Thomas Dwyer, detective.

The Wounded.  
James McCusky, detective, shot through stomach; critical.  
C. C. Blair, fugitive, shot four times through body; critical.

Harry H. Vaughn, fugitive, badly beaten about head by detectives when he sought to aid his friends in the battle.

### LODGE ON ROOSEVELT

#### President Said to Embody the Sum and Substance of All Human Greatness.

New York, Oct. 21.—In McClure's for November Senator Henry Cabot Lodge gives a glimpse of President Roosevelt as he sees him. He says of him: "It would be worse than idle for any one, no matter how intimate his knowledge, to fancy that he could depict a character so many-sided, so varied and tested in such multifarious experience within the space allowed me here. His daily life does not differ in any respect from that of any other very busy man; great energy, who finds rest and relief, not only in active out-of-door life, but in a wide and constant reading of books—a habit, by the way, quite as characteristic as any other, but of which the newspaper critics and humorists tell us little.

"Theodore Roosevelt apprehends very quickly. When he has thought out thoroughly and knows what he means to do, he acts promptly. When, after full consideration, he has made up his mind as to what is right, he is unyielding; but no man has been in the White House for many years who is so ready to take advice, who has made up his mind more slowly, more deliberately and after more consultation than Theodore Roosevelt.

"We of the United States like to think of the typical American as a brave man and an honest man, very human, with no vain pretense to infallibility. We would have him simple in his home life, democratic in his ways, with the highest education that the world can give, kind to the weak, tender and loyal and true, never quarrelsome but never afraid to fight, with a strong, sane sense of humor, and with a strain of adventure in his blood which we shall never cease to love until those ancestors of ours who conquered a continent have drifted a good deal further into the past than the case today. These are the qualities which all men admire and respect, and which, thus combined, we like to think peculiarly American. As I enumerate them I describe Theodore Roosevelt."

### SHAKING UP AT HONOLULU.

Honolulu, Oct. 21.—Governor Carter has accepted the resignations of High Sheriff A. M. Brown and Deputy C. F. Chillingworth on account of dissatisfaction over the non-enforcement of the liquor and gambling laws. C. Hatter, a Pinkerton man, has been investigating here for some time at Governor Carter's request. William Henry has been appointed night sheriff and Hatterday sheriff. Detectives and captains are resigning and there will be a reorganization of the police force of the territory.

# ARMIES UNABLE TO MAKE A MOVE BRYAN INVADES WEST VIRGINIA

## Both Russ and Jap Await the Drying of the Roads.

## SOME SKIRMISHING GOING ON HUMAN RIGHTS AT STAKE

## HEAVY MORTALITY AMONG THE RUSSIAN OFFICERS.

MILITARY operations in Manchuria are awaiting the drying of the roads and plains rendered impassable by the recent heavy rains. The report that the railway station at Shakhe had been retaken by the Russians and that railway traffic between Shih and Mukden would be restored at once was erroneous, the place still being in the hands of the Japanese.

The Russian government is hastening the dispatch of troops to the east to constitute the second Manchurian army.

Some Russian Regiments Almost Annihilated.  
Berlin, Oct. 21.—Colonel Guedike, war correspondent of the Tageblatt, telegraphed to his paper today from Mukden (follows):

"Have been unable to telegraph for two days owing to the absence of the censor on the 19th and 20th. Both armies are much fatigued. They occupy positions in close contact. Only an occasional shot breaks the stillness. A general Russian attack appeared to have been planned for the night of Oct. 20, but a freshet in the Shakhe river prevented it. The roads and fields are drying slowly. It rained again the night of the 20th.

### ADMIRALTY LACKS NEWS.

#### Exact Status of Affairs at Port Arthur Unknown.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 21, 5:33 p. m.—General Sakharoff telegraphed to the Associated Press last night that the situation at the front had been quiet all day.

The admiralty has not received confirmation of the report from Chefoo that Russian ships in the harbor off Port Arthur have been ordered to leave Japanese shells, as the blockade has been effective enough to prevent the delivery of official dispatches.

The admiralty says there was no intention in a recent official statement of the Associated Press report that Rear Admiral Prince Oukinsky as commander of the Pacific fleet.

Admiral Wren is now in command of the squadron, and no news has been received regarding the Japanese left southward by the Baltic fleet.

Satisfactory reports have been received by the admiralty of the progress made by the Japanese left southward by the Baltic fleet. The stoppage of the Swedish coast within a few days of leaving a home port was due to the necessity for filling up the bunkers for the long trip through the North Sea to the Atlantic, where the fleet will not find convenient coaling points. Neither the next stopping or the route has been revealed. These points are covered by Vice Admiral Rojestvensky's sealed orders which, however, it is known, give wide latitude in this matter.

The Bourse Gazette's Mukden correspondent, who yesterday reported a series of victorious engagements and a Japanese retreat, today says there has been no fighting for three days. He adds that the Japanese are displaying great activity and says a Japanese personal concourse for what is being retired along the whole front. The correspondent further asserts that the more Japanese guns were captured during the night raid of Oct. 19.

### EVERY MAN HIT.

#### Force of Cossacks Raked by Japanese Machine Guns.

Mukden, Oct. 21.—Every man of the 200 Cossacks commanded by Captain Tourgenieff, who, on Tuesday night, reconnoitered the Japanese left southward, and who, near Sandoupi, unexpectedly encountered a good-sized Japanese force with machine guns, was wounded, and every horse, except Captain Tourgenieff's, was hit by the bullets from the Japanese machine guns. Tourgenieff, though mortally wounded, carried off one man behind his saddle, while others managed to creep back to camp. But, as already noted, not one man was killed on the field. There is the greatest fear on the part of the Russian wounded of falling into the hands of the Japanese, the Russians being convinced that they torture their prisoners.

### WILL DEFEND MUKDEN.

#### General Kuropatkin Concentrating Troops on the Plain.

London, Oct. 22.—The Standard's Yantai correspondent, telegraphing on Oct. 15, describes in detail the final stages of the Shakhe river battle and incidentally refers to the danger which temporarily threatened Field Marshal Oyama's right near Benschu, where the Russians in overwhelming force nearly succeeded in turning the Japanese right flank and isolating the man sent to protect Oyama's right wing. He says it was the indomitable courage and energy of the Japanese that saved the situation.

## Eloquent Nebraskan Proving a Great Force in Campaign.

## MONEY QUESTION IS SMALL IN COMPARISON.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Oct. 21.—William J. Bryan today began a two days' campaign in West Virginia for the national Democratic ticket. Henry G. Davis welcomed the Nebraskan when he arrived this afternoon. During Mr. Bryan's speech of an hour's duration Mr. Davis sat behind him on a second story portico, which overlooked as many people as could get within earshot of Mr. Bryan. When the speech was over, Mr. Davis faced the audience, but merely acknowledged their plaudits and modestly declared that no man could speak after Mr. Bryan. Mr. Davis' private car Graceland, in which the candidate has been touring the state, was placed at the disposal of Mr. Bryan. Mr. Davis went home tonight.

### Human Rights at Stakes.

In his speech Mr. Bryan stood for the principles of government and Democracy on which he made his two campaigns of 1896 and 1900. He declared with emphasis that he had given up nothing of these beliefs, and that the present Democratic platform gave him more of them than any other platform. Imperialism drew more attention than any other subject touched on. Speaker Cannon, he said, was referring to the assistance Bryan had rendered in securing this ratification of the Spanish peace treaty. In this reference, he said, Mr. Cannon and others, overlooking the amendment which Mr. Bryan had also supported, placing the Philippines on exactly the same basis as the Cubans. He had been asked how, as a believer in silver, he could vote for a candidate who believed in gold. His answer was that the currency question had been weighed in the balance with the questions that have arisen within the last few years and that human rights and the declaration of independence make the money question seem small and insignificant.

### "Glory Enough For All."

"One of two men will be president," said Mr. Bryan. "It will be Parker or Roosevelt. If I do not vote for Roosevelt, I am not willing to take the responsibility of four more years of imperialism and I failed. I am now going to help Parker save it. It will be my victory and the victory of the people and the people there is glory enough for all of us in such a victory."

### RESIGNATION OF STATE TREASURER IN ESCROW

Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 21.—A special to the Times from Topeka, Kan., says: Thomas T. Kelly, state treasurer, placed his resignation in escrow tonight and invited an inquiry by expert accounting auditors and judicial inquirers into his administration of the office.

If, after full and unprejudiced inquiry, it shall be determined that Kelly is not guilty of the charge the state accountant has returned him, his resignation shall be returned to him and be of no effect. If, on the contrary, he shall be adjudged guilty by the court, the resignation is to be delivered to E. W. Toole, who, it is expected, will be governor at that time.

### MISS DOLBEER ACTED LIKE A SANE WOMAN

New York, Oct. 21.—Inquiry as to the sanity of Bertha Marion Dolbeer, a wealthy young California woman, who committed suicide recently at the Waldorf-Astoria, was continued today before Commissioner Robert P. Lee, in the contest to determine whether or not she was sane at the time of her death. Catherine Lee, her relatives, declared that Miss Dolbeer acted like other hotel guests and said she had no abnormal signs of melancholia. Another witness said that Miss Dolbeer was not suffering from any mental trouble and told of her manner of living. Several other witnesses testified that she had appeared to be of sound mind. The hearing will be continued tomorrow.

### FAIRBANKS SPEAKS IN PENNSYLVANIA

Altoona, Pa., Oct. 21.—In a speech to several thousand people at Altoona, Pa., tonight Senator Fairbanks said: "The American people in this campaign will think first and vote afterward. I have come here to speak to Democrats for I have seen that I do not share my friend because he is a Democrat. I hate rheumatism because it has my friend. My Democratic friends, you gained your greatest triumph when McClure was elected in 1896. I have traveled this country from end to end and I can assure the many railroaders in this magnificent assemblage that the railroads of the country almost to a man will stand by the Republican policies and Theodore Roosevelt."

### DISMISSED IN DISGRACE.

Georgia Militia Officers Proved Recrudescent to Their Trust.  
Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 21.—By the verdict of the States' Rights Association, which was signed today by Governor Joseph M. Terrell, Captain Robert M. Hitch, who was in command of the troops when the negroes Reed and Cato were burned at the stake, was dismissed from the service of the Georgia state troops.

### LARGE SUM NEEDED.

The Hague, Oct. 21.—The powers signatory of the 1864 Convention are to be asked to form a fund of \$100,000 for the maintenance of Andrew Carnegie's palace of peace. The cost of the building is estimated at about \$600,000. It is understood that the interior will be modeled after the magnificent Palais de Justice at Brussels.